

We want to save patients with severe cancer and autoimmune diseases

Göran Forsberg, CEO Jan 2022

Safe Harbour Statement



Statements in the Investor Presentation, including those regarding the possible or assumed future or other performance of the Company or its industry or other trend projections, constitute forward-looking statements. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors as they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will or may occur in the future, whether or not outside the control of the Company. No assurance is given that such forwardlooking statements will prove to be correct. Prospective investors should not place undue reliance on forwardlooking statements. They speak only as at the date of this Investor Presentation and the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements. Past performance does not guarantee or predict future performance. Moreover, the Company undertakes no obligation to review, update or confirm expectations or estimates or to release any revisions to any forward-looking statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that arise in relation to the content of the Investor Presentation.



Cantargia – Save lives and create value through IL1RAP

Project	Disease	Type of treatment	Discovery phase	Preclinical phase	Clinical phase I	Clinical phase II	Clinical phase III			
CANO4 Nadunolimab	PDAC	1 st line		Ge FOLFIF	emcitabine/no RINOX	ıb-paclitaxel			Potentially more effective	
	NSCLC	1 st line 2 nd /3 rd line		Do	Cisplatin/ge	mcitabine			target in clinically validated pathway	
	Non-squamous NSCLC	1 st /2 nd line 1 st line	Pembro/carb	Carboplati	n/pemetrexed	1		r) First in class platform technology against novel target	
	TNBC Biliary tract cancer	1 st /2 nd line 1 st line	Carbopla Ci	tin/gemcitabine splatin/gemcitabine			\mathbf{r}	Well financed to build a broad, diversified pipeline		
	Colon cancer Solid tumors	3 rd line		F	FOLFOX Pembro) Right team and clear plan to position our projects		
CAN10	Myocarditis; Systemic sclerosis								and maximize value	
CANxx	New opportunities within IL1RAP platform									

PDAC – pancreatic cancer; NSCLC – non-small cell lung cancer; TNBC – triple negative breast cancer; ICI – immune checkpoint inhibitor; Pembro – pembrolizumab; FPI – First Patient In



Cantargia – Save lives and create value through IL1RAP

UNIQUE IMMUNOTHERAPY NADUNOLIMAB IN PHASE IIA CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT

- First in class antibody with broader MOA than competitors
- Positive clinical interim data in pancreatic cancer and NSCLC



VISION OF BECOMING AN IMPORTANT PART IN FUTURE CANCER TREATMENTS

- Combination strategy based on synergies with established therapies
- Five phase I and/or II clinical trials



PLATFORM WITH MANY POTENTIAL THERAPEUTIC AREAS

- Target IL1RAP found on most solid tumor forms and leukemia
- IL1RAP signalling (IL-1, IL-33 and IL-36) in large number of diseases



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HIGHLY RELEVANT RESEARCH WITHIN CLINICALLY VALIDATED MECHANISMS

Focus on opportunities with major unmet medical need

ROBUST PATENT PORTFOLIO

 Global patent families on IL1RAP as antibody target in oncology until 2032 and nadunolimab until 2035

NASDAQ STOCKHOLM MAIN LIST ~12,000 SHAREHOLDERS AND LONG TERM INVESTORS

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Cantargia addresses NSCLC & PDAC



SIGNIFICANT UNMET NEEDS IN LUNG AND PANCREATIC CANCER





NADUNOLIMAB AND BIOLOGICAL CONTEXT

IL1RAP is overexpressed in most solid tumors



IL1RAP

NSCLC biopsy CANFOUR, IL1RAP staining

IL1RAP: DISTINCT OVEREXPRESSION IN TUMORS AND LOW NORMAL TISSUE REACTIVITY

NSCLC – non-small cell lung cancer HNSCC – head and neck squamous carcinoma



Nadunolimab – Mechanism of action through IL1RAP binding



- IL-1 system cancer progression through chronic inflammation and resistance to established therapies
- Nadunolimab, targeting IL1RAP, blocks both forms of IL-1 and can eradicate cells mediating the effects of IL-1

TARGETING IL1RAP PROVIDE NOVEL OPPORTUNITY TO IMPROVE CANCER THERAPY

Note: ADCC = Antibody-Dependent Cellular Cytotoxicity. CAF = Cancer-Associated Fibroblast. NK = Natural Killer. MCP = Monocyte Chemoattractant Protein. MMP = Matrix Metallopeptidase. IL = Interleukin. VEGF = Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor

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Nadunolimab - differentiated and superior MOA



	Company	Compound	IL-1α	IL-1β	ADCC	Indication/dev phase		
	Cantargia	Nadunolimab (CAN04)	++	++	++	• Pancreatic cancer, N	SCLC phase IIa	
	Xbiotech/ Janssen	Xilonix XB2001	++	-	+	 Autoimmunity, derm Pancreatic cancer, pl 	natology hase I	
	Novartis	Canakinumab Gevokizumab	-	++	-	 Autoimmunity, regis Adjuvant NSCLC, pha Cancer comb, phase 	tered ase III II	
	Flame Biosci.	FL-101	-	++	-	• NSCLC		
	Buzzard	Isunakinra	++	++	-	Cancer phase I		
	SOBI	Kineret	++	++	-	• Autoimmunity, reg		
	Regeneron/ Kiniksa	Rilonacept	++	++	-	 Autoimmunity, reg Pericarditis		
	R-Pharm	RPH-104	+	++	-	Pericarditis, inflamm	atory disease	
	Cancer context		IL-1α			IL-1β	comi	nent
ocalization		Cellbound and solubleCancer cells and stroma			• Soluble		 IL-1α trigger an inflammation Often work in particular 	d IL-1β enhance air
un	 Stimulates inflammation - IL1R1 -forming complex with IL1RAP IL-1, IL1R1 and IL1RAP in complex - essential for signal Note: Significant differences in amino acid sequence 					No known differ induced by the 2	ence in signal 2 forms	
	ical data from	Signal of be NSCLC	nefit in CRC a	nd •	CANTOS			

NADUNOLIMAB - FIRST IN CLASS APPROACH FOR CANCER THERAPY



Nadunolimab mechanism uniquely enhance docetaxel antitumor activity



- > Nadunolimab with docetaxel in MC38 syngeneic model
- $\rightarrow\,$ Nadunolimab blocks both IL-1 α and IL-1 β and has ADCC activity
- → Nadunolimab increase efficacy of docetaxel
- $\rightarrow~$ Control antibody blocking IL-1 β only did not have the same effect
- \rightarrow In vitro docetaxel increase IL-1 α production
- → Highlight importance of blocking both forms of IL-1 to increase docetaxel efficacy

CONTRASTING IL-1B BLOCKADE, NADUNOLIMAB INCREASE DOCETAXEL EFFICACY CLINICAL INVESTIGATION ONGOING



Targeting IL1RAP allows unique synergistic effects with chemotherapy



- → Upregulation of both forms of IL-1 in PDX-model as response to Gem/Cis
- → IL-1α (DAMP) on cancer cells trigger inflammasome activation in tumor microenvironment (e.g. IL-1β)

- → Nadunolimab increases efficacy of Pt based chemotherapy regimes
- → Nadunolimab counteracts weight loss after chemotherapy

SYNERGY WITH CHEMOTHERAPY IN LINE WITH CURRENT DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY



Combination strategy in NSCLC show promising efficacy

		Total NSCLC (27 pts)	Historical control ^{1,2}	Non-squamous NSCLC (15 pts)	Historical control ³	Squamous NSCLC (11 pts)	Historical control ⁴
	ORR	48%	22-28%	53%	19%	36%	38%
	PFS	7.2 mo	5.1 mo	NR	-	NR	-
	Ongoing treatment	11 pts (41%)	-	6 pts (40%)	-	5 pts (45%)	-



- \rightarrow Nadunolimab combination with gem/cis in 1st line chemotherapy
- → 13 of 27 evaluable patients with non-sq non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) showed objective response including 1 complete response (48% vs historical control data 22-28%)
- No major side effects observed except those from chemotherapy or CAN04 alone. Neutropenia frequency higher than expected from chemo (but can be treated with dose reductions/GCSF)
- → Trial expanding 40 additional patients with non-squamous NSCLC

STRONG INTERIM RESULTS, DEVELOPMENT ADVANCING IN SEVERAL SEGMENTS OF NSCLC



Strong signal in non-squamous NSCLC



- \rightarrow Non-squamous NSCLC comprise ~75% of NSCLC cases
- > Nadunolimab combination with gem/cis in 1st line chemotherapy
- → 8 of 15 evaluable patients with non-sq NSCLC showed objective response including 1 complete response (53% vs historical control data 19%)
- 8 patients were 2nd line to pembrolizumab monotherapy, with 6 responses
- 40 additional patients to be recruited (combination with carboplatin/pemetrexed)

DEVELOPMENT ADVANCING TOWARDS RANDOMIZED TRIAL END 2022



Positive interim data in pancreatic cancer

Nadunolimab combination with gem/abraxane in 1st line (Dec 2021), n=33:

- 27% response rate with durable responses, two patients still on treatment
- Pseudoprogression-like response in 5 (15%) patients predict long PFS
- Promising PFS (7.2 mo) and OS (12.7 mo, 64 % events)

UPDATE: 73 patients enrolled in total, data due Q2 2022





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PFS AND OS LONGER THAN EXPECTED GIVEN HISTORICAL CONTROL

Safety profile is manageable and supports MOA

Grade 3 or higher AEs	Gem/Abraxane (von Hoff) N=421	CANFOUR CAN04/GN N=36	FOLFIRINOX (Conroy 2011) N=171
Neutropenia	38%	67%	46%
Febrile neutropenia	3%	17%	5%
Thrombocytopenia	13%	19%	9%
Anemia	13%	14%	8%
Fatigue	17%	6%	24%
Peripheral neuropathy	17%	0%	9%
Diarrhea	6%	3%	13%
Elevated ALT	ND	3%	7%
IRR	ND	3%	ND

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- G-CSF is an approved therapy to counteract neutropenia. G-CSF was not used prophylactically in this trial
- The beneficial effect in fatigue and chemotherapy-induced neuropathy (nab-paclitaxel or oxaliplatin) can be explained by IL-1 blockade

UPDATE: PANCAN IS MOVING CAN04 INTO PHASE 2/3 PDAC TRIAL

Note: Median duration of treatment 4.8 months (ref 3.9 months), most common reasons for termination: gastrointestinal events or general health deterioration. No patients discontinued due to neutropenia.



Advancing PDAC development to phase 2/3

PanCAN's Precision Promise adaptive clinical trial platform designed together with FDA

- 15 leading US clinical centers additional sites planned
- Patients randomized to receive nadunolimab combined with gemcitabine and nab-paclitaxel, or chemotherapy alone
- Other experimental arms will be evaluated simultaneously with the nadunolimab arm. The Bayesian trial design involves enrolling up to 175 patients on each arm
- Successful completion of a 100-patient adaptively randomized Stage 1 of the trial may be followed by a 75-patient fixed-randomized Stage 2.
- Trial results for nadunolimab arm expected 2027 or earlier.
- Additional meetings with regulatory authorities will take place, a pre-IND planned to be submitted to the US FDA in Q2 2022.
- Cantargia will fund the nadunolimab arm and will be responsible for supplying the drug.

ADVANCING WITH PANCAN FURTHER VALIDATES NADUNOLIMAB IN PDAC



Nadunolimab clinical development status

Study	Disease	Combination therapy	Status	ClinicalTrials.gov ID	
	NSCLC	Cisplatin/gemcitabine	Recruitment completed		
CANFOUR	Non-squamous NSCLC	Carboplatin/pemetrexed	Regulatory approved	NCT03267316	
	PDAC	Gemcitabine/nab- paclitaxel	Recruitment for extension part completed		
CIRIFOUR	NSCLC, bladder cancer, HNSCC, Pembrolizumab melanoma		Recruitment completed	NCT04452214	
	Non-squamous NSCLC	Pembrolizumab/ carboplatin/pemetrexed	Regulatory approved		
CAPAFOUR	PDAC	FOLFIRINOX	Recruitment ongoing	NCT04990037	
	NSCLC	Docetaxel		NCT05116891	
CESTAFOUR	Biliary tract cancer	Cisplatin/gemcitabine	Recruitment ongoing		
	Colon cancer	FOLFOX			
TRIFOUR	TNBC	Carboplatin/gemcitabine	Regulatory approved	-	

Abbreviations: NSCLC – non-small cell lung cancer; PDAC – pancreatic cancer; HNSCC – head and neck cancer; TNBC – triple negative breast cancer

PDAC: Advancing to phase 2/3 trial Precison Promise (PanCAN); data update (33 + 40 pts) during H1 2022 **NSCLC:** Start of second part in non-squamous NSCLC followed by late stage preparations; data update during H1 2022

Pembro combination: Interim data under analysis **Pembro/chemo combination:** Start-up phase

Dose escalation phases ongoing as planned or about to start in TRIFOUR.





CAN10 OPPORTUNITY IN AUTOIMMUNE/INFLAMMATORY DISEASE

CAN10 – New asset within autoimmunity/inflammation

- \rightarrow IL1RAP binding antibody potently blocking IL-1, IL-33 and IL-36
- Unique anti-inflammatory activity observed in different mouse models (myocarditis, systemic sclerosis, psoriasis, inflammation)
- → Development focusing on unmet medical need in systemic sclerosis and myocarditis. Disease selection in collaboration with experts based on scientific rational, medical need, development opportunity and competition
- \rightarrow Clinical trials start Q3 2022



UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY FOR CAN10 IN LIFE-THREATENING DISEASES



CAN10 – Unique properties in preclinical disease models

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FINAL DEVELOPMENT STEPS AHEAD OF CLINICAL TRIAL





MILESTONES & SUMMARY

Cantargia reached several milestones and have several value inflection points in near future

Newsflow over next 6-9 months

Nadunolimab (CAN04)

- ightarrow New results PDAC, NSCLC and Keytruda combination
- → Phase 2/3 Precision Promise (PDAC)
- → New preclinical and translational results
- \rightarrow New clinical trials (Interim results, safety)
 - CESTAFOUR Basket trial (NSCLC, CRC, BTC)
 - TRIFOUR TNBC

CAN10

- \rightarrow Preclinical progress
- → Development milestones
- ightarrowand initiation of clinical trial Q3 2022



SIGNIFICANT DATA TO SECURE NEWSFLOW



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