



We want to save patients with severe cancer and autoimmune diseases
Clinical investigations with our lead antibody CAN04 to our proprietary target

Göran Forsberg, CEO

January 2020

Safe Harbour Statement

Statements in the Investor Presentation, including those regarding the possible or assumed future or other performance of the Company or its industry or other trend projections, constitute forward-looking statements. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors as they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will or may occur in the future, whether or not outside the control of the Company. No assurance is given that such forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. Prospective investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. They speak only as at the date of this Investor Presentation and the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements. Past performance does not guarantee or predict future performance. Moreover, the Company undertakes no obligation to review, update or confirm expectations or estimates or to release any revisions to any forward-looking statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that arise in relation to the content of the Investor Presentation.

Cantargia at a glance



Unique immunotherapy antibody CAN04 in phase IIa clinical development

- Positive interim data set with response rates higher than historic data
- Further phase II milestones during 2020



Platform with many potential therapeutic areas

- IL1RAP found on most solid tumor forms and leukemia
- IL1RAP signalling (IL-1, IL-33 and IL-36) described in large number of autoimmune/inflammatory diseases



Vision of becoming an important part in future cancer treatments

- Combination therapy strategy based on synergies with established therapies



Highly relevant research within clinically validated mechanisms

- Focus on opportunities with major unmet medical need



Robust patent portfolio – granted IP for therapeutic target IL1RAP and CAN04

- Global patent families on IL1RAP as antibody target in oncology until 2032 and CAN04 until 2035



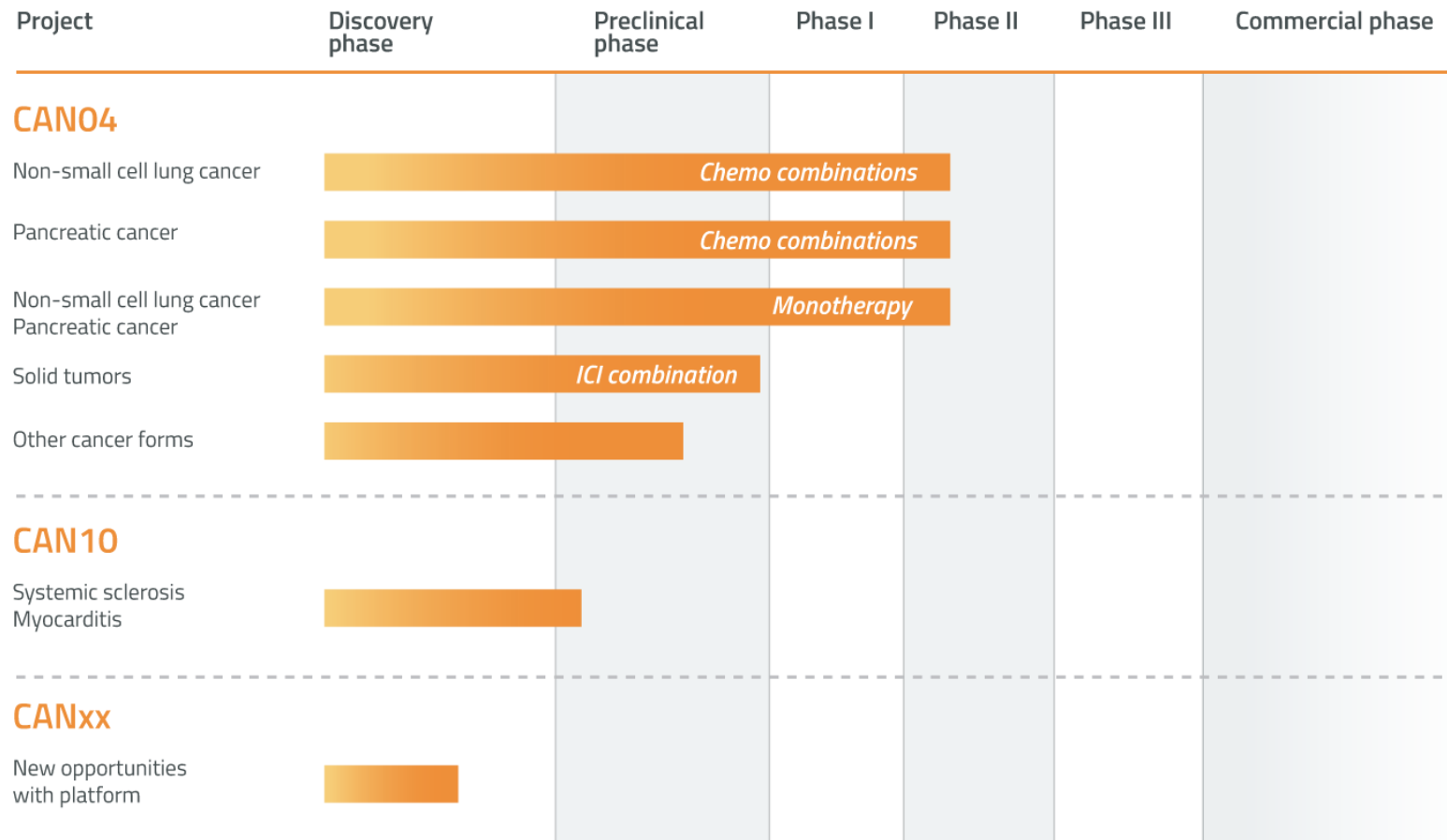
Listed on Nasdaq Stockholm's main list with over 5,000 shareholders and long term investors

- Market cap: SEK 1.6bn¹ (USD ~170m)
- Cash and cash equivalents: SEK 194.5m as of Q3 2019

Current owners (31 Dec 2019)

Sunstone	7.5%
4th AP fund	7.3%
Alecta	6.6%
1st AP fund	6.2%
Avanza Pension	5.5%
Öhman Bank S.A.	4.3%
2nd AP fund	3.0%
SEB S.A.	2.4%
Handelsbanken fonder	2.2%
Mats Invest AB	1.8%
Others	53.1%

Cantargia – Opportunity to save lives and create value

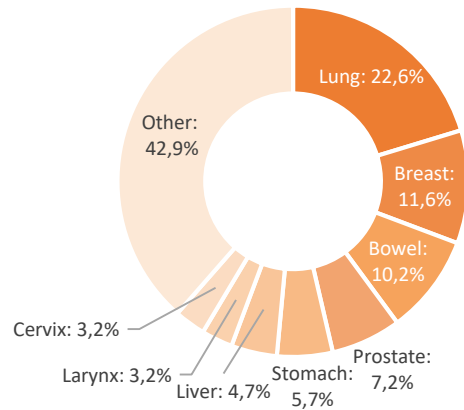


- Potentially more effective treatment against novel target in clinically validated pathway
- Right team and clear plan to position our projects and maximize value
- First in class platform technology against novel target

CAN04 addresses a huge market

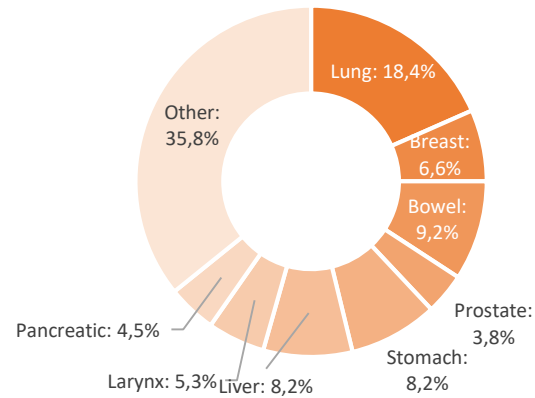
Incidence, Globally 2018

Type of cancer:



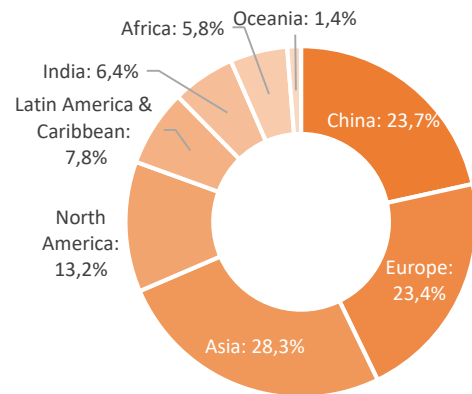
Mortality, Globally 2018

Type of cancer:



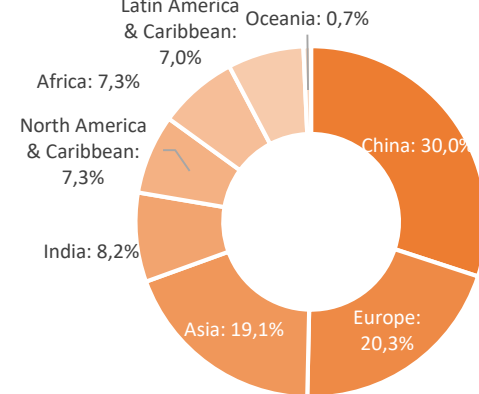
Incidence, Globally 2018

Region:



Mortality, Globally 2018

Region:



	Lung cancer	Pancreatic cancer
Incidence 2018 (globally)	2,093,876	458,918
Fraction of cancer incidence	13.0%	2.9%
Mortality 2018	1,761,007	432,242
Fraction of cancer mortality	19.9%	4.9%
5 year survival	18.6%	8.5%
Treatment	Surgery, Radiation, Chemotherapy, Immunotherapy	Chemotherapy, Surgery, Radiation

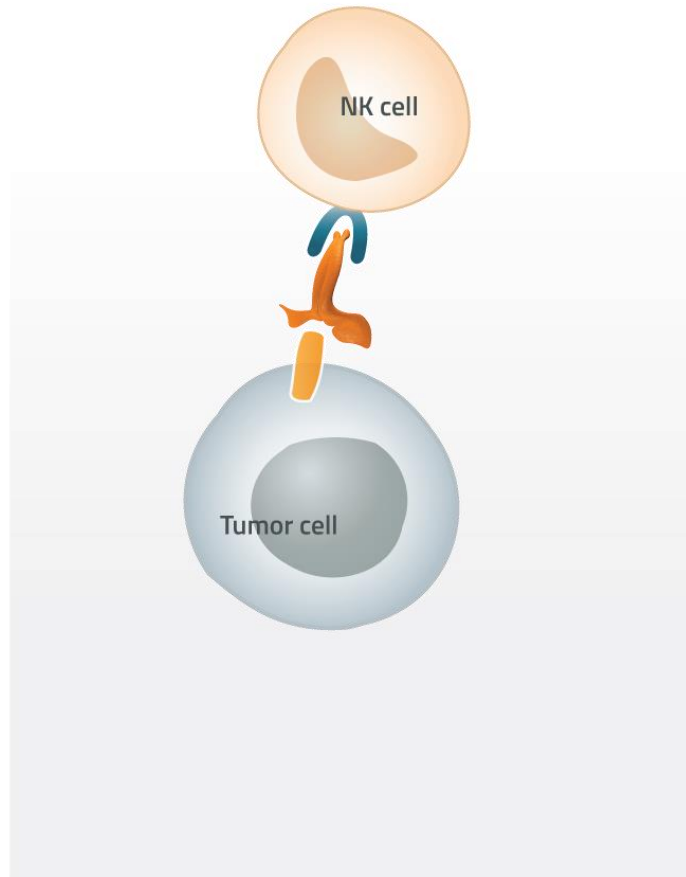
Significant unmet needs in lung and pancreatic cancer



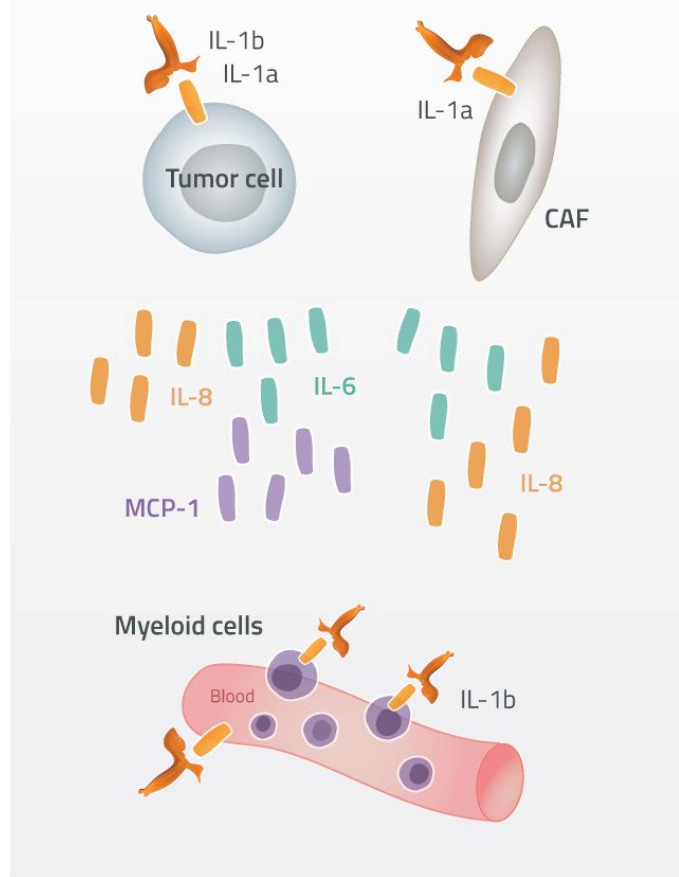
Lead antibody CAN04

CAN04 – Mechanism of action

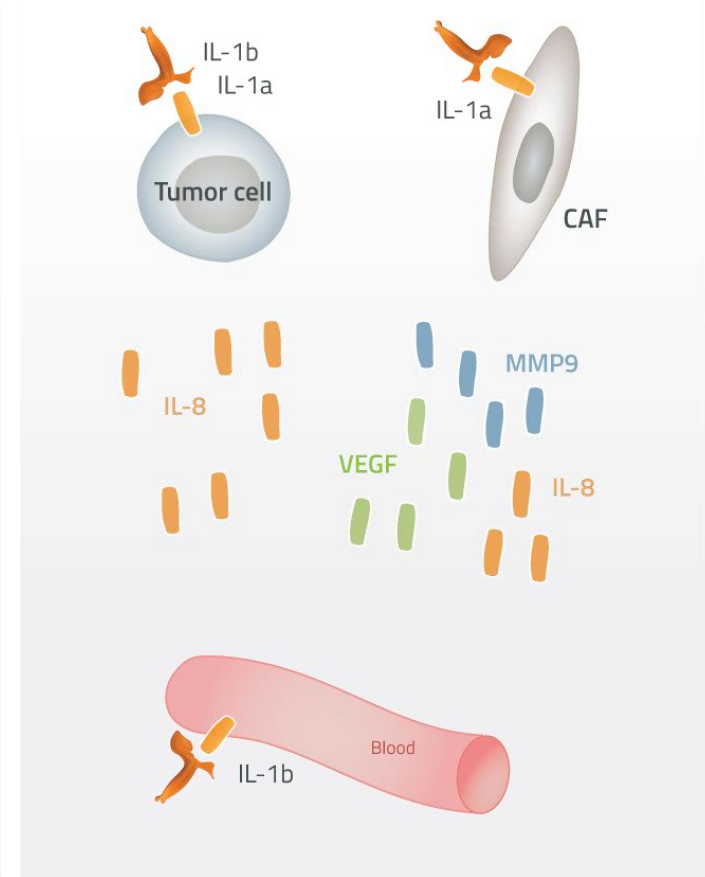
ADCC -Tumor cell death



Reduced activation and infiltration of immunosuppressive cells



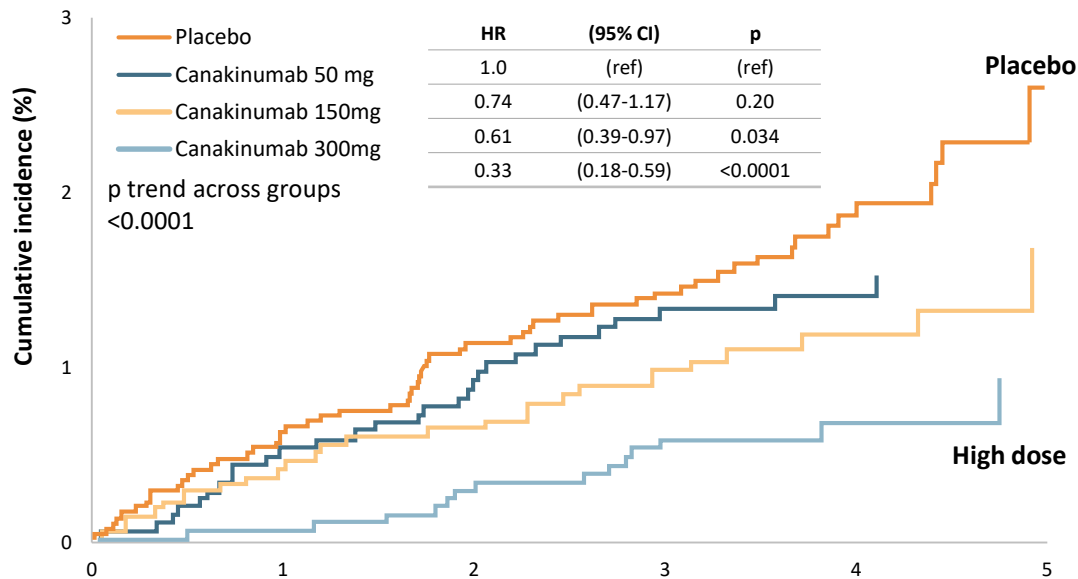
Reduced angiogenesis



Validating study – Counteracting tumor inflammation

CANTOS trial (n=10,061)

- Canakinumab (Novartis)
- Reduced lung cancer incidence by 67% and death by 77%
- Reduced non-lung cancer death by 37%



- Clinical validation of IL-1 pathway
- Dose/response
- Cantargia's CAN04 has broader MOA

Canakinumab phase III trials

Adjuvant NSCLC (CANOPY-A)

- 1,500 patients
- After surgery, no mets, placebo control

First line (CANOPY-1)

- 626 patients
- Untreated locally advanced/metastatic
- Combination Pembro/Platinum doublet

Second line metastatic (CANOPY-2)

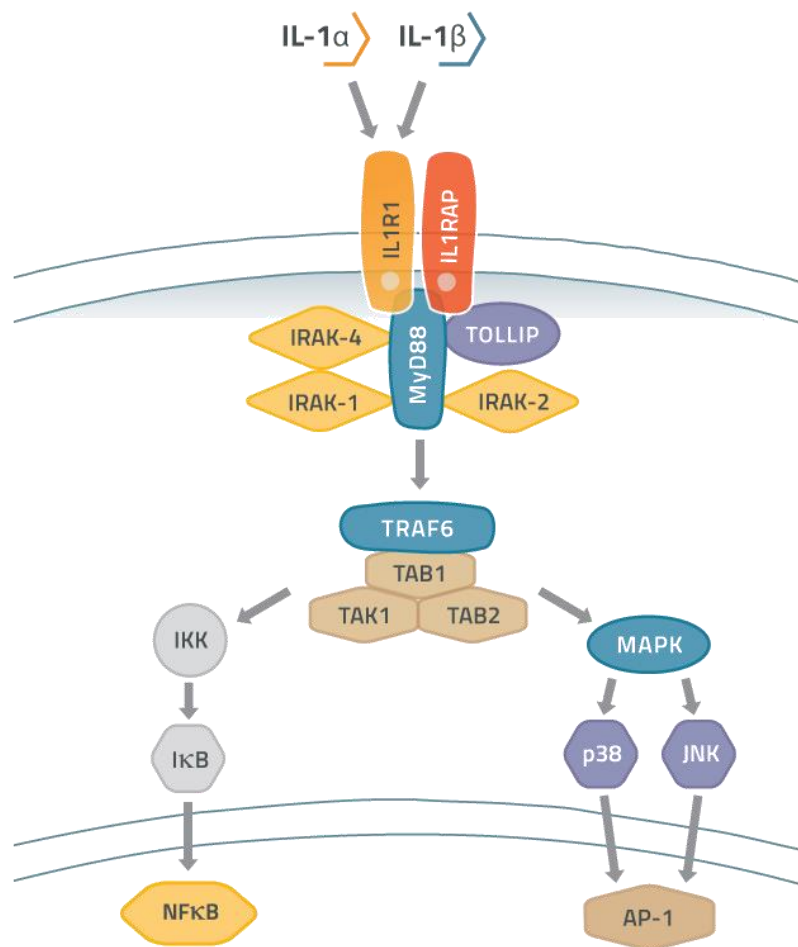
- 240 patients
- Previously treated loc adv/metastatic
- Combinational Docetaxel

Additional trials

- Renal cell cancer
- Gastroesophageal cancer
- Colorectal cancer
- Non-small cell lung cancer

CANTOS data support CAN04 as well as broader IL1RAP platform activities

CAN04 – Superior MoA against other IL-1 blocking approaches



Company	Compound	IL-1α	IL-1β	ADCC	Indication/dev phase
Cantargia	CAN04	++	++	++	• Pancreatic cancer, NSCLC phase IIa
Xbiotech/ Janssen	Xilonix	++	—	+	• Autoimmunity, dermatology • Pancreatic cancer, phase I
Novartis	Canakinumab Gevokizumab	—	++	—	• Autoimmunity, registered • NSCLC, phase III • Cancer comb, phase II
Buzzard	Isunakinra	++	++	—	• Cancer phase I
SOBI	Kineret	++	++	—	• Autoimmunity, reg
Regeneron	Riloncept	++	++	—	• Autoimmunity, reg
Cellerant	ADC	++	++	—	• Preclin

Use of IL1RAP as target for hematological cancers

- Valid until 2030
- Granted (EPO, USA, Japan, China)

Use of IL1RAP as target for solid tumors

- Valid until 2032
- Granted (EPO*, Japan, USA, China)

*divisional application opposed in Europe

The product candidate CAN04

- Valid until 2035
- Granted (EPO, USA, China)

Cantargia has strong IP and superior MoA in CAN04

Positive phase IIa interim combination data

	Initiated	On therapy	Evaluable	CR/PR	SD	PD	NE
PDAC	10	7	7	4 ¹⁾		2 ²⁾	1 ²⁾
Historical				23%	27%	20%	30%
NSCLC	4	3	3	2 ¹⁾	1		
Historical				22-28%	18%	40%	<20%



“After I presented the CAN04 monotherapy data at ASCO 2019, the CANFOUR trial has advanced with the combination therapy. The initial results are very encouraging in non-small cell lung cancer (pretreated with checkpoint inhibitor) and pancreatic cancer and suggest that CAN04 could be a valuable contribution to improve the chemotherapy regimes in these diseases”
Prof Ahmad Awada, Institute Jules Bordet, Brussels, Belgium, Coordinating investigator CANFOUR-study

- By adding CAN04 response rates are higher than historical data using these standard first line chemotherapies alone
- 4 of 7 evaluable patients with metastatic pancreatic cancer (PDAC) showed objective response. 1 additional patient showed pseudoprogression. Pronounced effect of biomarker CA19-9
- 2 of 3 evaluable patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) showed objective response including 1 complete response
- No major side effects were observed apart from those expected with chemotherapy or CAN04 alone

Strong tumor shrinkage in majority of patients

Note: 1) All patients except 1 PDAC and 1 NSCLC have responses confirmed on second scan. 3 of 4 PDAC patients with objective response has a sustained decrease of >90 % of CA19-9. In NSCLC, 1 patient has a confirmed complete response (CR). 2) 1 patient has ongoing tumor shrinkage after initial progression and a strong reduction in CA19-9. 1 patient terminated after rapid clinical progression without CT-scan

Combination therapy – Response assessments

ARM C (NSCLC)

Cohort 1 (5 mg/kg)

N1   

N2  

N3  

N4 Discontinued after V1 (IRR)

ARM D (PDAC)

Cohort 1 (5 mg/kg)

CA19-9 >90% red

P1 Discontinued after V1 (IRR)

P2     ✓

P3     ✓

P4     ✓

Cohort 2 (7.5 mg/kg)

CA19-9 >90% red

P5   

P6 Discontinued PD

P7    ✓

P8 

P9 

P10 

Months

Unconfirmed

Confirmed

Progressive disease

 2

 2

Pseudoprogression

 2

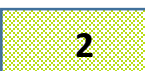
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Stable disease

 2


 2

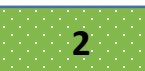
Partial response

 2

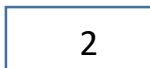
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Complete response

 2

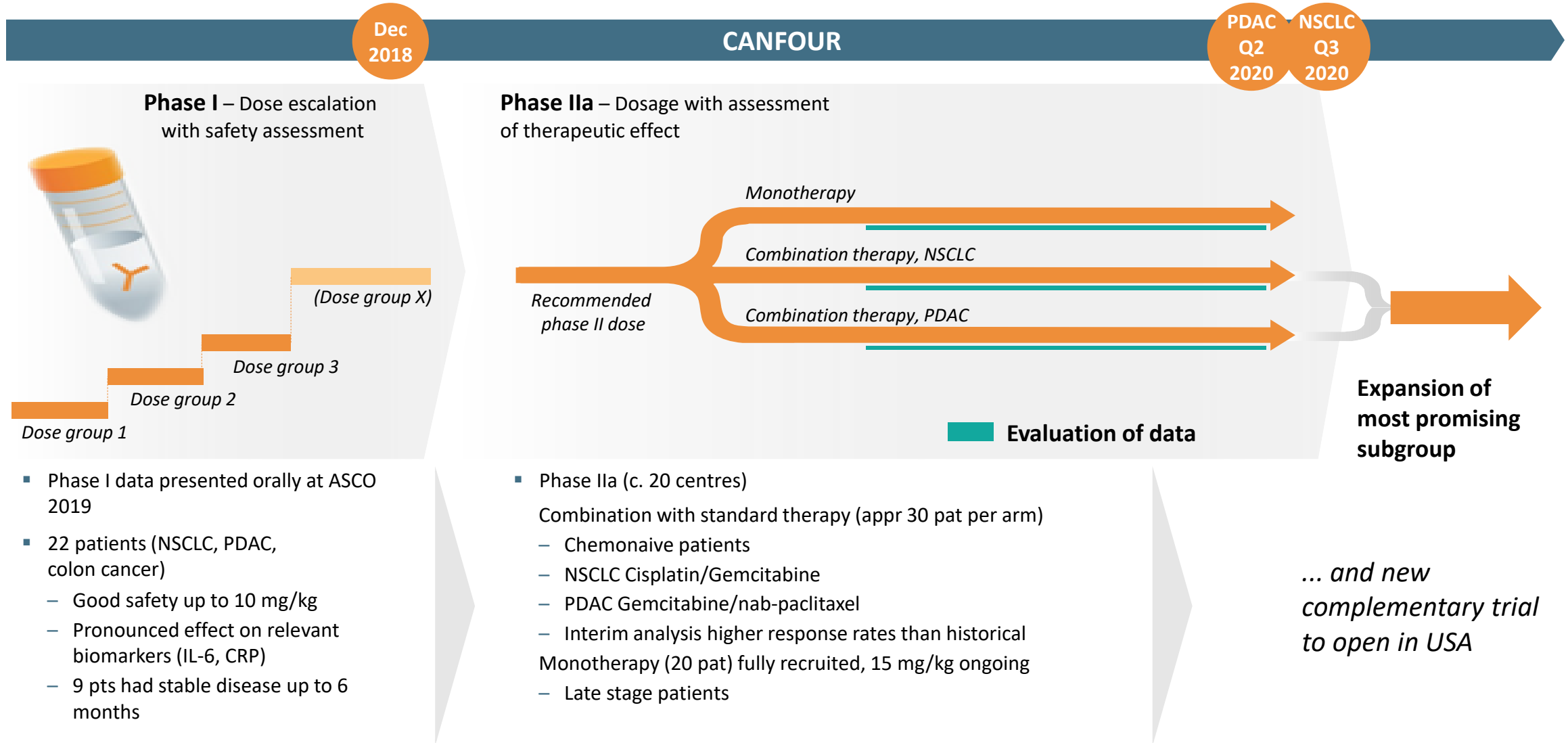
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Patient in treatment
time point for next
scan

 2

10 out of 14 are still on therapy and doing well

CAN04 – CANFOUR clinical trial



- Phase I data presented orally at ASCO 2019
- 22 patients (NSCLC, PDAC, colon cancer)
 - Good safety up to 10 mg/kg
 - Pronounced effect on relevant biomarkers (IL-6, CRP)
 - 9 pts had stable disease up to 6 months

- Phase IIa (c. 20 centres)
 - Combination with standard therapy (appr 30 pat per arm)
 - Chemonaive patients
 - NSCLC Cisplatin/Gemcitabine
 - PDAC Gemcitabine/nab-paclitaxel
 - Interim analysis higher response rates than historical
 - Monotherapy (20 pat) fully recruited, 15 mg/kg ongoing
 - Late stage patients

Generation of data instrumental for next phase of development

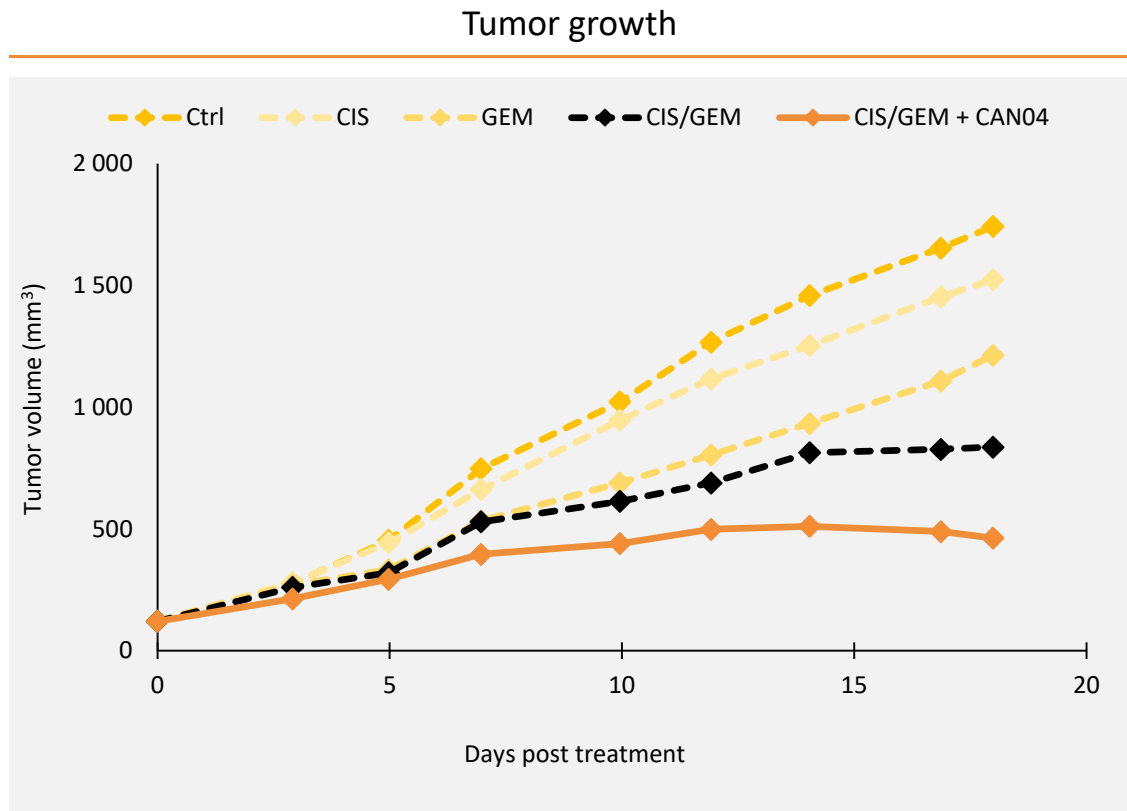
Chemotherapy resistance

- Most chemotherapies induce chemoresistance already after a few months of therapy
- Several recent studies show chemotherapy induction of IL-1, leading to resistance
- Blocking IL-1 signalling counteracts chemoresistance in preclinical models
- High blood levels of inflammatory cytokines IL-1 and IL-6 leads to poor gemcitabine efficacy in patients
- IL-1 mediated chemoresistance for several classes of chemotherapy
 - Gemcitabine
 - 5FU
 - Platinum based chemotherapy



Several lines of evidence suggest CAN04 counteract chemoresistance

Targeting IL1RAP allows synergistic effects with Cisplatin/Gemcitabine



→ CAN04 increases antitumor effects of platinum compounds (cisplatin, carboplatin, oxaliplatin)

→ CAN04 counteracts toxicity from platinum compounds

Synergy with chemotherapy in line with current development strategy

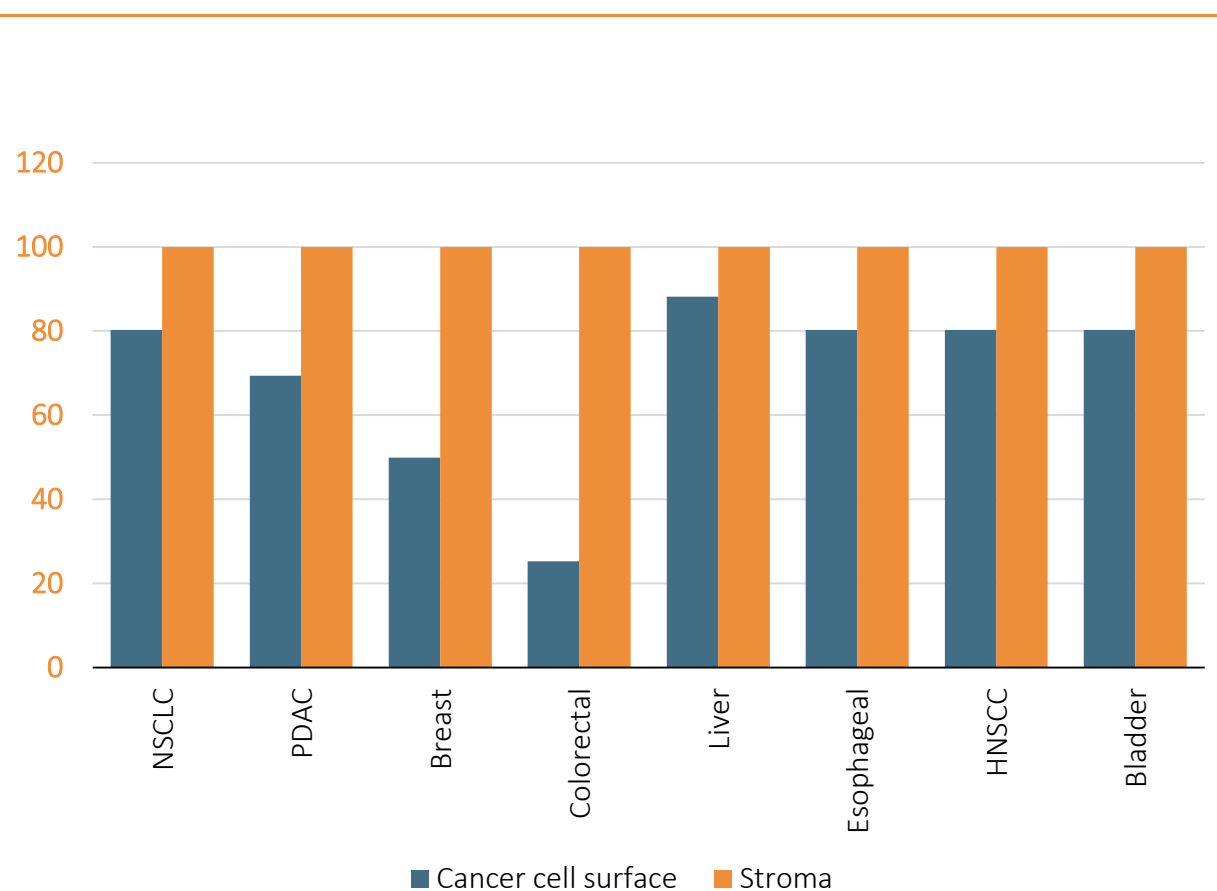
14

The background of the slide is a grayscale composite image. The upper portion shows a close-up of a human face, focusing on the eye and forehead area. The lower portion features a detailed, close-up view of a plant, possibly a flower or seedling, with visible petals and stems. A solid teal horizontal band spans the middle of the image, containing the text.

CAN04 oncology expansion

IL1RAP in several cancer with high medical need

IL1RAP



Cantargia founded based on

- Discovery of IL1RAP on cancer cells
- Antibodies against IL1RAP – antitumor effects
- IP on antibody therapy against IL1RAP

Primary indications

- Non-small cell lung cancer – NSCLC
- Pancreatic cancer – PDAC

- Biomarker studies ongoing, identify patients most likely to respond
- Opportunity to expand development in additional cancer forms with high unmet medical need

CAN04 development can be expanded to additional indications onwards ¹⁶

IL1RAP and PD-1 blockade – Rationale for combination study

Chronic tumor inflammation and the tumor microenvironment are immune suppressive - counteract PD-1 blockade

- Myeloid suppressive cells, such as tumor-associated macrophages (TAMs) or myeloid-derived suppressor cells (MDSCs) are key cells in PD-1 resistance and express IL1RAP and are stimulated by IL-1, these cells counteracts PD-1 blockade
- IL-1 upregulate PD-L1 on macrophages and induce downstream factors, such as IL-6, that also contribute to immune suppression in the TME
- IL-1b blockade has been shown to break tolerance to anti-PD-1 in a model for TNBC
- Novartis is exploring PD-1 combinations with canakinumab in two Phase III trials

- **PD-1 antibodies – fastest growing segment in cancer therapy**
- **Strong rationale for combining CAN04 and PD-1 antibodies**

US phase I clinical trial

- PreIND meeting held, IND submission Jan 2020
- Combination with checkpoint inhibitor in patients that no longer respond to PD1/PDL-1 therapy
- Primary endpoint safety, secondary endpoints include biomarkers and efficacy
- Indications include NSCLC, HNSCC and bladder cancer (18 patients)
- Strong US centers, Coord investigator Prof Roger Cohen, UPenn

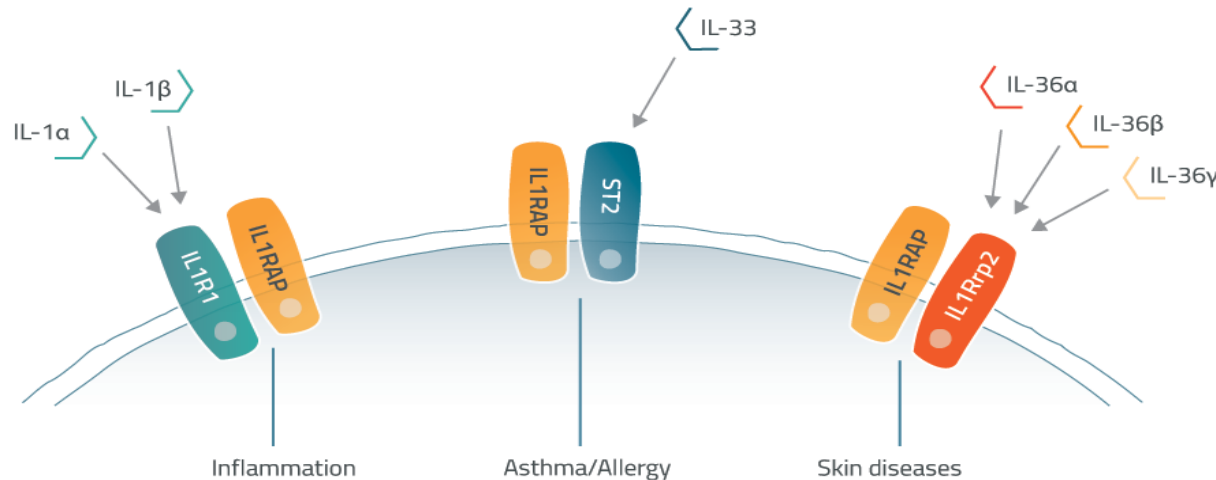


A grayscale, high-magnification microscopic image of a biological specimen, likely a cell or tissue. The image shows a complex, textured surface with various folds, ridges, and protrusions. A prominent, elongated, and somewhat curved structure is visible on the right side, while the left side shows a more granular, textured area. The overall appearance is that of a biological specimen under a scanning electron microscope.

Untapped possibilities in autoimmune diseases

IL1RAP platform to treat serious diseases

- Three different systems signal through IL1RAP
- These systems contribute to various inflammatory diseases
- Can be blocked by Cantargia's antibodies against IL1RAP



Unique opportunity by blocking several disease inducing cytokines

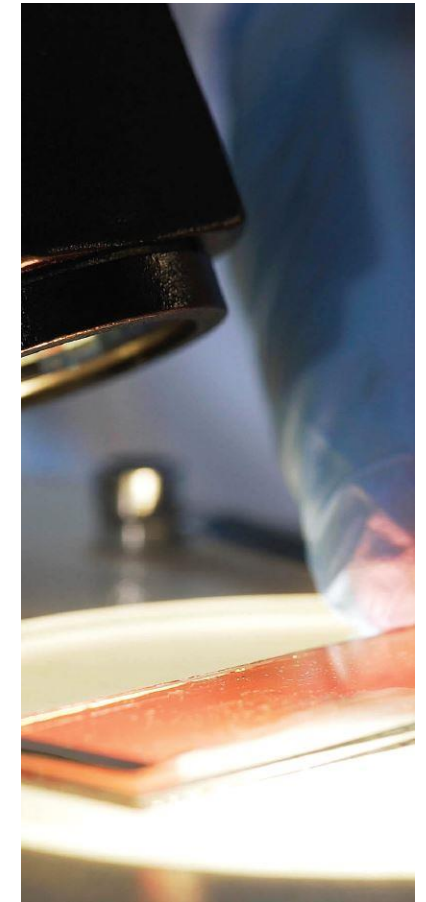
CAN10 – New development project

- IL1RAP binding antibody potently blocking IL-1, IL-33 and IL-36
- Unique anti-inflammatory activity observed in mouse model
- Development focusing on unmet medical need in systemic sclerosis and myocarditis. Disease selection in collaboration with experts based on scientific rational, medical need, development opportunity and competition
- Clinical trials start late 2021



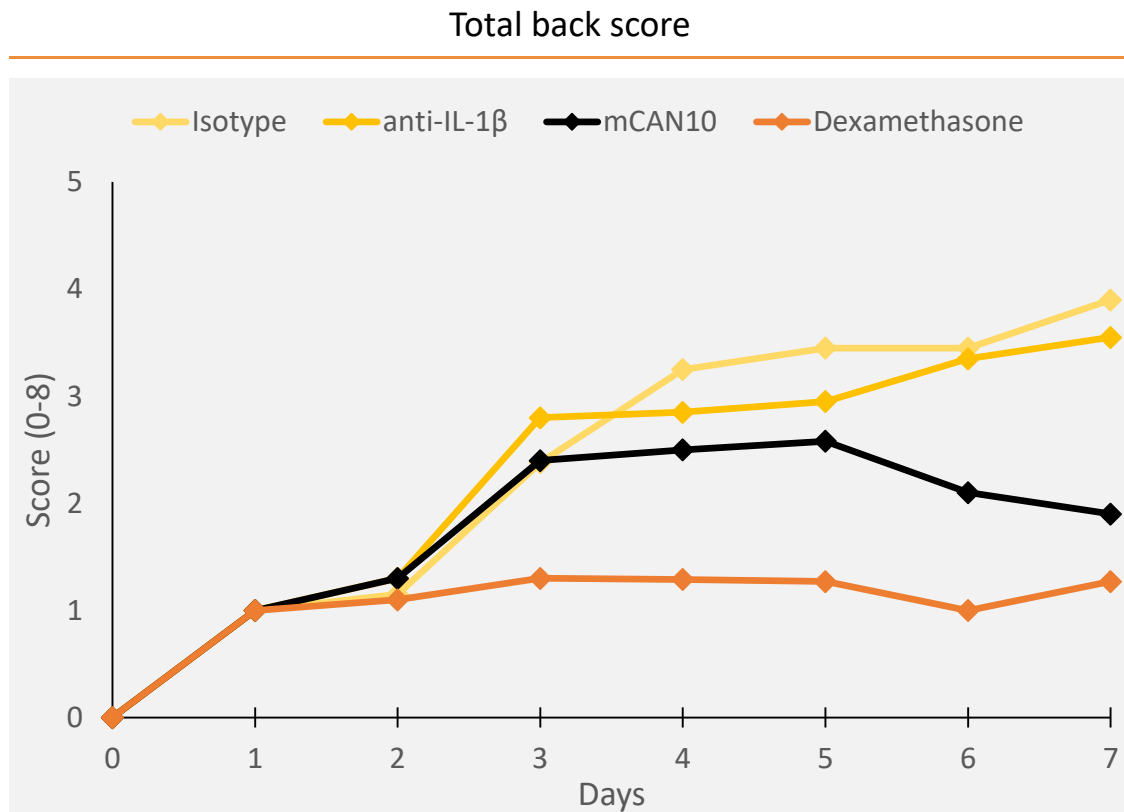
CAN10 – Systemic sclerosis and myocarditis

CAN10 method	<ul style="list-style-type: none">→ Development process of CAN10 has included independent analysis of potential to treat c. 150 autoimmune and inflammatory diseases→ Analysis included statements from key opinion leaders regarding e.g. scientific rationale of the blockade of three inflammatory cytokines, medical need, development opportunities and competition	
CAN10 focus	Systemic sclerosis	<ul style="list-style-type: none">→ Chronic, autoimmune connective tissue disorder characterized by inflammation and fibrosis of the skin and internal organs (e.g., lungs, kidneys, heart, and gastrointestinal tract)→ The estimated annual incidence is about 4.5 per 100,000 in North America and 1.8 per 100,000 in Europe→ The leading cause of death – interstitial lung disease and the unmet need is in particularly high in these patients
	Myocarditis	<ul style="list-style-type: none">→ Inflammation of muscular tissues of the heart that arise from different etiologies, including genetic and infectious mechanisms that are not well characterized→ Characterized by initial acute inflammation that can progress to subacute and chronic stages resulting in tissue remodeling, fibrosis, and loss of myocardium architecture and contractile function→ The estimated incidence of myocarditis is approximately 22 per 100,000 and the disease accounts for approximately 0.6 per 100,000 deaths annually worldwide



CAN10 focused on major unmet medical need

CAN10 counteract inflammation in disease model



- Mechanistic proof of concept for IL1RAP blockade in inflammatory driven psoriasis model
- Effect not dependent on IL-1 β blockade

CAN10 has unique anti-inflammatory properties

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Milestones and summary

Significant value inflection points

Newsflow in 2020

CAN04

- Checkpoint combination clinical trial, IND submission and start
- Phase IIa combination results in PDAC and NSCLC
- Phase IIa monotherapy biomarker/biopsy results
- Phase IIa expansion of combination therapy

CAN10

- Preclin in progress
- Toxicology
- Production development



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